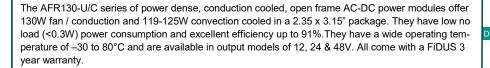


## 130 Watts

- 119-125W natural convection, 130W conduction or 10 CFM fan cooling
- Latest approvals IEC62368-1
- High efficiency up to 91%
- Operation from -30 to 80°C
- EN55032 Level B conducted & radiated
- 3 Year warranty





imensions.

U- 3.15 x 2.35 x 1.5" (80 x 59.7 x 38mm) C- 3.15 x 2.35 x 1.7" (80 x 59.7 x 43.2mm)

## **Models & Ratings**

INSTALLATION ADVICE PG

			Output Current			
Model Number <sup>(1)</sup>	Output voltage	Convection 100VAC	Convection 230VAC	10 CFM or conduction	Efficiency <sup>(2)</sup>	Capacitive load
AFR13012-U	12V	9.167A	9.917A	10.833A	90%	4000uF
AFR13024-U	24V	4.792A	5.000A	5.417A	90%	1000uF
AFR13048-U	48V	2.500A	2.604A	2.708A	91%	330uF
AFR13012-C	12V	8.75A	9.917A	10.833A	90%	4000uF
AFR13024-C	24V	4.583A	5.000A	5.417A	90%	1000uF
AFR13048-C	48V	2.396A	2.604A	2.708A	91%	330uF

#### **Notes**

2. At 230VAC max load

### **Key specifications**

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions	
AC Input range	90		264	VAC	See derating curve page 3	
Operating temperature	-30		80	°C	See derating curve page 3	
Efficiency	See ratings table above					
Dimensions	U- 3.15 x 2.35 x 1.5" (80 x 59.7 x 38mm) C- 3.15 x 2.35 x 1.7" (80 x 59.7 x 43.2mm)					
EMC	EN55032 Level B conducted and radiated EN61000-3 and EN61000-4, harmonics, flicker, surge, EFT, ESD, conducted and radiated.					
Safety	IEC/EN/UL 62368-1					

<sup>1.</sup> Open frame versions available. Please see AFR130 datasheet.

No load input power



Input					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Input voltage	90		264	VAC	See derating curve page 3
Input frequency	47		63	Hz	
Power factor	0.9				EN61000-3-2 class A compliant
Input ourrant (rma)			2	A	At 115VAC
Input current (rms)			1	A	At 230VAC
Inrush current			50	00	115VAC cold start at 25°C
			85	0A	230VAC cold start at 25°C

0.3

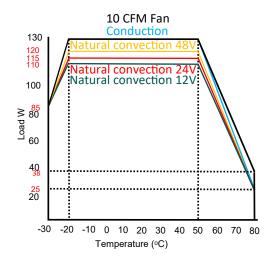
Output					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output voltage	12		48	VDC	See Model & Ratings table
Output Voltage Adjust		±10		%	
Set point accuracy			±2	%	
Line regulation			±1	%	
Load regulation			±1	%	0% to 100%
Minimum load	0			%	
Ripple & Noise	1%		160mVp-p	-	All models measured with 0.1uF ceramic and 47uF electrolytic capacitor. 20 MHz bandwidth. 160mVp-p for 12V unit only
Hold up time	8			ms	At 115VAC to 90% Vout
Overload protection					Trip and restart. Automatic recovery
Short circuit protection					Trip and restart. Automatic recovery. High current latch.
Overvoltage protection					Latching, requires manual power reset.

General					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Isolation: Input to output	4000			VAC	Or 5656VDC –test with DC only or remove Y caps
Input to ground	2000			VAC	Or 2828VDC-test with DC only or remove Y caps
Output to ground	1500			VAC	Or 2121VDC-test with DC only or remove Y caps
Power density	10.33		11.71	W/In <sup>3</sup>	11.71 or U channel and 10.33 for covered
MTBF	250			kHrs	As per MIL-HDBK-217F
Weight		280		g	

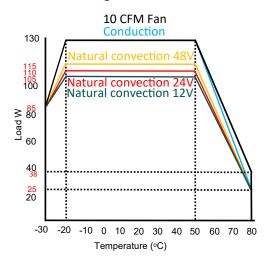
Environmental					
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes & Conditions
Operating temperature	-30		80	°C	See derating curve page 3
Storage temperature	-30		80	°C	
Temperature coefficient		±0.05		%/°C	
Altitude			5000	m	Derate 3.5W/km fanless operation above 2km Derate 5W/km fan cooling above 2km
Humidity	20		90	% RH	Non condensing
Vibration & Shock		IEC 60068-2-27 (2G 10-500MHz x,y,z) and IEC 60068-2-6			



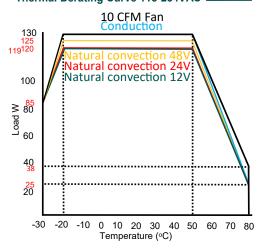
### Thermal Derating Curve 100-115VAC U channel



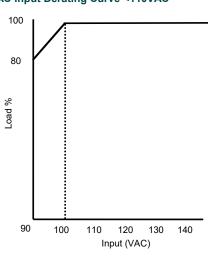
## Thermal Derating Curve 100-115VAC Covered



## Thermal Derating Curve 115-264VAC \_\_\_



## AC Input Derating Curve <110VAC



## **EMC: Emissions**

	Standard	Test level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions
Conducted	EN55032	В		CISPR22-B, FCC PART15-B
Radiated	EN55032	В		Class A for Class II.
Harmonic current	EN61000-3-2	Class A		
Voltage flicker	EN61000-3-3			

## **EMC: Immunity**

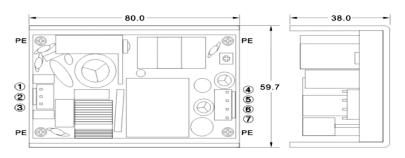
	Otavaland	Testinosi	Oultoute	Notes 0 Conditions	
	Standard	Test level	Criteria	Notes & Conditions	
ESD	EN61000-4-2	3	Α	8kV Air, 4kV contact	
Radiated	EN61000-4-3	3	Α	10V/m 80-1000Mhz 3V/m 1800-5000Mhz	
EFT	EN61000-4-4	3	Α	2kV	
Surges	EN61000-4-5	Installation Class 3	Α	1kV Live-Neutral, 2kV Live/Neutral—Earth	
Conducted	EN61000-4-6	2	Α	3Vrms.	
Magnetic Fields	EN61000-4-8	3	Α	30A/m	
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	EN61000-4-11	>95% 0.5 cycles, 30% 25 cycles, >95% 250 cycles: 110V: A,B,B 240V:A,A,B			

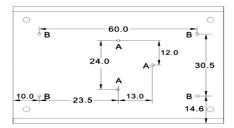


## **Safety Approvals**

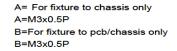
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	Safety standard	Notes & Conditions
UL/CSA	UL/CSA 62368-1	
СВ	IEC 62368-1	
CE	EN 62368-1	2015/863/EU RoHS Directive and 2014/35/EU Low voltage directive
Equipment protection class		Class I

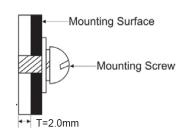
## **Mechanical Details**





40.0 20.0 10 CFM





Input Connector <sup>(2)</sup>				
Pin Con	nections			
Pin	Function			
1	AC Neutral			
2	NC			
3	AC Line			

Output C	Output Connector <sup>(3)</sup>				
Pin Con	nections				
Pin	Function				
4	+Vout				
5	+Vout				
6	+Vout				
7	-Vout				

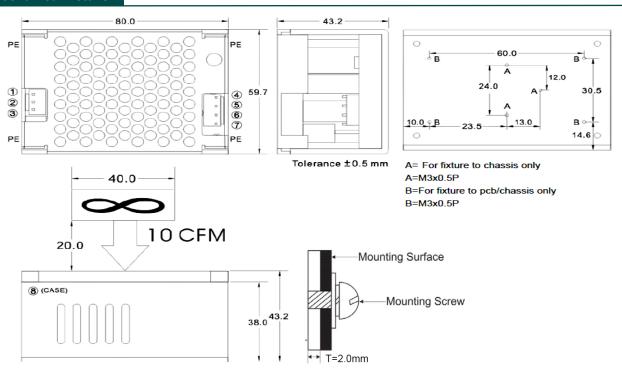
### Notes

Tolerance ± 0.5 mm

- 1. All dimensions shown in mm
- 2. Input connector mates with VHR-3N
- 3. Output connector mates with VHR-4N



## **Mechanical Details**



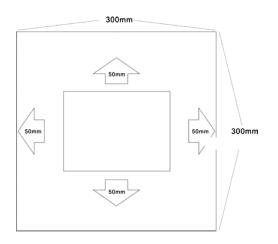
Input Connector <sup>(2)</sup>				
Pin Con	nections			
Pin	Function			
1	AC Neutral			
2	NC			
3	AC Line			

Output Connector <sup>(3)</sup> Pin Connections	
Pin Con	Function
4	+Vout
5	+Vout
6	-Vout
7	-Vout

### **Notes**

- 1. All dimensions shown in mm
- 2. Input connector mates with VHR-3N
- 3. Output connector mates with VHR-4N

## **Base Plate**



### Notes

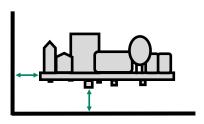
Size of aluminium base plate required for best thermal performance. Base plate is 3mm thick and the AFR130 is thermally bonded using paste or thermal pad to ensure good and even thermal conductivity

## **AFR130** Series



#### **Installation Advice**

#### Safety



On installation customers must consider the required creepage and clearance distances between the PSU and the end-equipment enclosure. These distances vary depending on the installation class and safety standard requirements.

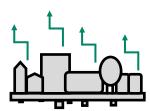
For **Class I** installations there should be 3-4mm between any part of the PSU and any earthed metal part of the enclosure. 3mm is acceptable for IT applications, 4mm required for medical applications. In Class I installations the PSU earth point must be connected to system safety ground.

For Class II installations distances may need to be increased if being installed into a surrounding metal enclosure.

Ensure consideration of components on the underside of the PCB or low lying spills when measuring clearance distances between the PSU and the end-equipment. Also top surface especially in tight enclosures such as 1U boxes. An insulation material can be used between PSU and metal if smaller gap required.

FiDUS recommends installing the PSU on 6mm stand offs typically, but check the distances.

#### EMC



Conducted and radiated emissions compliance is a common application consideration. It is important to remember that even when using a properly filtered PSU, an application may still not achieve compliance if it is not designed to minimise emissions. That being said, there are a number of things that can be done to optimise EMC performance either as best practice, or if you are struggling for compliance:

- 1) Connect all marked EMI ground points to earth. Often these are combined with the safety earth point (in class I installations), but on some power supplies there may be additional earth tags or mounting points.
- 2) Minimise the length of input/output wiring where possible and try to maintain max distance of the conductors from the PSU, to prevent noise pick up. Avoid bundling input and output cables together. A common component to avoid placing wiring near is the PFC inductor in power factor corrected power supplies.
- 3) Apply additional filtering before the PSU input (ensure consideration of which frequencies there are issues with before selecting a filter).
- 4) When using an open frame PSU, mount the supply on a metal plate and connect EMI mounting points.
- 5) In multi circuit systems, decouple the circuits locally.
- **6)** Ferrites added between the PSU and system input connector and/or the DC output cables can help in reducing radiated noise issues in systems. If seen, issues are commonly in the 30-150MHz area.

For more detailed assistance, if you still have any concerns with compliance, please get in contact with our Engineering department who are on hand to assist with any queries.

### **Thermal**



Thermal management is an important consideration when thinking about equipment service life. Electrolytic capacitors within the PSU wear with time and are typically the first end-of-life failure. Keeping the operation temperature of key components within the PSU, such as the electrolytic capacitors, as low as possible is paramount. As a general rule, for every 10°C drop in the operating temperature of the electrolytic capacitators you double their lifetime, and thus the lifetime of the power supply. When looking at thermal performance it is helpful to test under a worst-case set of conditions, to ensure component temperatures are in an acceptable range for the required service life. Then consider the impact of operational time, load and temperature profile to estimate a more realistic lifetime for your PSU.

Also, many FiDUS power supplies offer a *Peak Power* rating to provide for customers with pulsing loads. When using a peak power capability customers must consider:

- 1) Peak duration rating: the maximum length of time the peak can be drawn for
- 2) Duty cycle: the frequency with which the peak can be drawn. (e.g. 10% duty cycle, 1 second on:9 seconds off)
- 3) Average power value: datasheets will state the maximum average power acceptable with peak power PSUs. If any of these elements are exceeded the supply may overheat, with performance and lifetime suffering as a result.